GONDIA EDUCATION SOCIETY'S



S. N. Mor College of Arts and Commerce and Smt. G.D. Saraf Science College, Tumsar-441 912 District Bhandara (M.S.)

Department of Botany

REPORT ON "Survey On Green Coverage Per House Of The Village

Hingana ,Tah: Tumsar "

Academic Session:- 2022-23

Notice

All the students of B.Sc. Semester VI of Botany Department are hereby informed that Botany department has organized a Survey on Green Coverage per House of the Village Hingana with intension to know that the how many houses in the village Hingana have plant or green cover. The survey is organized on 15.04.2023 at 9.00am onward at Hingana village. In this connection you all are requested to join the survey as it is a part of your curriculum.

Date: 11.04.2023

(Dr. K.N. Sathawane) Head Department of Botany

Colomole Sun. VI





GONDIA EDUCATION SOCIETY'S SETH NARSINGDAS MOR COLLEGE OF ARTS, COMMERCE & SMT. GODAVARIDEVI SARAF SCIENCE COLLEGE, TUMSAR. 441 912. (M.S.) DISTT.: BHANDARA.

Tel□. Off. (07183) 233300.	Fax (07183) 233301 E-Mail - principalsnmorcolle	RES. (07183) 233301 ge@Rediffmail.com.
Ref. No		Date: 15/ 04 /2023

To, The Hon'ble Sarpanch/Gram Secretary Hingna Grampanchayat Hingna, Tahasil Tumsar Dist. Bhandara

Sub: Request for the grant permission to our college B.Sc. III year students to carry out survey on the Green Coverage of your village.

R/Sir,

I hereby informs you that our college Botany department under the guidance of Dr. K. N. Sathawane, is decided to carry out survey on the Green Coverage of your village as part of their curriculum. Hence, I request you to allow our B. Sc. Final year student to take survey on the above said subject. Thanking you,

Seth Marsingdas Mor Arts, Commerce & Smt. Godavaridavi Saraf Science College Tumsar

Certificate

This is to certify that 46 (forty six) students of B. Sc. VI semester of Botany Department of S. N. Mor College of Art & Commerce & Smt. G. D. Saraf Science college, Tumsar, District Bhandara, Maharashtra, India, have carried out Survey on Green Coverage per House of the Village Hingana of Tahasil Tumsar, District Bhandara on 15th April, 2023 under the guidance of Dr. K. N. Sathawane and Dr. J.V. Gadpayale.

18/4/023 18/4/023

Date: 18.04.2023

	Unr of the students Participated in the Survey on List of Survey Green county. No.
	Date 15/04/023
17	Trupti Zanadola parthi
2>	Swati sukhder parodhisologi Induretti lo
3>	Ankide kishor Joukey roudesmill owing to
4)	Drya Hasidas Chaird & mondo Myses
5)	Shreyashi Dnyaneshwaro Unkuden Bukude
(6)	monitary laxmon Dhumanthede who Midwandhede
ン	Akshay Vitar Tidkelidom qui frutie 28
18	Rashmi Vishanukymar Chaudhasti Ruhanda
91	Rina Ambrishbabu Stari vastav ? Diget
[9]	pinas a devoca paralli andomida odan so
1)	musichan yogesh Shukklu A goude musiken ?
12	Dipika rishaway Shendor the
[3]	Ringy Ravindra Shemble & indontile
14	Kajar Govindo putterabe a Kkimila
(A)	- Karishma Warinda poerterA . Patte 181
1+1	Dileshwar Rushikumar Hatwar Dileshwar
12)	Rachit Omprakosh Kshirsagar Robit
(2)	Aandant hansled wasnika de la Baire 27
21	Shidal Raskfordpa Tichkelleren Stuchkeller
29	3. Disha Polyani Hiwale Olivare
24	Nikita Chainla Bopche Wisome
227	Punam Parmanand Bankar Papur
231	Ankida Royesh Tkhar Kul
24)	Amoranal Stansbay Hashie gran so 21 its
201	Sanika Satchidanand Bowankur Governson
26)	Craevi Ramiai Chaudhari Gours
271	Rukminee Prakosh Rahangdale Bahangdel
281	Mayuri Blogpendra Bhongade coptongade.
391	Payal Prokash Birne Payal
39	
	Shrikrupa squallada

you of the shadests participaled in the siese Page No .__ Green arme. LIST OF SURVEY Date____ - Handey Williams between Trade Pratacli trangle. yashant Badarik Bhumeshwar Agore Aco -Divyo Dharmaraj Museure Projuc. 38 pallavi Alfilkur Mannena 3 ModiA Ampuli aranda Robe Ninder what noming Que non! 35 Homshat Bindebule MI Bucker Practis Rilip 3 Bobbatuaspai Harichand Bisane Dione saliskita Ctantal rad parahid de rada Aliteita Bhumeshware paredhi MRuedhi Neha 36 Bhumeshwari Arvind Ambale 2004 Meha Romesh shamusey N. Memoger 130 RK/DD-Radhabai K. Shendle SIST Nathrani & Selokar Log portrol Aselokar Payer P. Agashe private of Agashe Existelland Ireland Pranoli M. Pavolli 1 de de la mana _ 8.M. Parelle Khushi v. Shinderson Juleani K.v. shinde kaliani N. ukey 110 (laiket Discould rawlands ! bolulal James (Speason 9 Or to N Schaurene Date-15.04.2023 Extelded Bewern Law Rampal this - Dunt Rukmissie Procesh Mayeren Roupergord 100 Projecto Riene 10 Omuse. BAS' Shrikrupa

S.N. Mor college of Arts and Commerce and Smt. G.D. Saraf Science college Tumsar-441 912 Dist: Bhandara

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

Survey on Green Coverage per house of the village Hingna (Tah: Tumsar)

	Name of student:	supt Z.	Parane	Sig	nature_	Tapar	rely.	Dateof	Survey	1:15/04/02	3
Sr. No.	Name of House Holder	Ward/ Nagar	Numbers of plants growing in a house	Number of members in a					Signature of house holder / family member	Name & No. of the plants provided for plantation	
				Male	Female	Total	Well	Bore well	Тар	·	
1.	Jayendra Jembhare	3	7	3	6	9	~	-	-	A.J. Tembrage	
20	Jagia Tembhare	3	8	2	1	3	~			Mes cer	
3.	Texchand Thakre	3	5	7	2	3	1	_	_	Pour	
40	Anita Thakre	3	4	2	1	3	i i		~	Pajero	4
5.	Rajesh rahangdale	I	6 ,	2	3	5			1	Robish	
6-	Ganesh pahangdalp	7	4	3	2	5	<u>.</u>	1	1-	Plane	
7.	Anil Tembrane	3	5.	2	1	3	_	_		Adur	
8-	Bhimraio Bansod	1	6	2	2	4	-	_	1	Baue	
9.	vijay Rahangdale	7	8	3	2	5	~	_	_	Dous	
10.	Baban Thukre	2	7	3	t	4	1	_	_	ववन काउरे	

15.4.2023 (Por. K. N. Sathanane)

A Report on Survey on Green Coverage per House of the Village Hingana (Tah: Tumsar District: Bhandara)

Introduction:

Green cover refers to plants present on the Earth by any means like trees plantation, crop in the fields or any other means by which the Earth appears to be green. Such green coverage is day by day declining due to the over and destructive activities of human. The reduction in the green coverage on the Earth is mainly due to over deforestation, urbanization, industrialization, over grazing and many other activities of the human being for the development and welfare of the human society. If we throw light on the importance and advantages of the green coverage on the Earth, Green ground cover has several advantages for the environment as well as society. Green ground cover provides a rainwater buffer, purifies the air, reduces the ambient temperature, and encourages biodiversity in the city, etc. Followings are the benefits of green coverage.

1. Provides a rainwater buffer



Replace paving stones with plants, a green area absorbs rainwater. This delays the discharge of rainwater to the sewage system, purifies the rainwater, and water also evaporates through the plants. So this all helps to stabilize the groundwater level, reduces the peak load on the sewage system and reduces the risk of flooding.

2. Reduces the ambient temperature



Plants absorb sunlight, 50% is absorbed and 30% reflected; so it helps to create a cooler and more pleasant climate by reducing 3°C temperature of environment.

3. Purifies the air



Plants filter particulate matter from the air and convert CO_2 into oxygen. Green ground cover is contributing for air purification.

4. Reduces ambient noise



Green ground cover reduces noise in a busy area such as the city. It provides for a quieter environment, both inside and outside building.

5. Has a traffic calming effect



Roundabout and parks which are well structured and cared for have a better traffic calming effect. They are not only pleasant to see, but also promote traffic safety.

6. Increases biodiversity



A green ground cover provides a habitat for birds, butterflies and insects, especially in the cityof where concrete and asphalt dominate.

7. Increases the feeling of well-being



Living and working in a green environment has a positive effect on the well-being of people. Greenery offers relaxation and reduces stress.

8. Offers healing environment



Greenery encourages faster recovery for patients, resulting in a shorter hospital stay. A person's tolerance of pain is higher in a green environment. This is also known as a 'healing environment'.

9. More social interaction, less vandalism



Working or living in a green environment brings people together. A green environment gives a higher perceived and user experience. This has a positive effect on social cohesion in neighborhoods. Areas with more greenery suffer less hinder from aggression, violence and vandalism.

10. Direct-green, low maintenance



With plant mats or vegetation blankets one can lay direct-green ground cover. The mats are carefully pre-cultivated and on delivery boast 90% coverage. This means that weeds hardly get a chance to establish them and the maintenance required is minimal.

11. Erosion protection



On embankments, pre-cultivated plant mats and vegetation blankets ensure that the soil does not get washed away by the rain. It offers a solid, anti-erosion layer.

Study Area:

The village Hingna is located at the west of the Tumsartaluka of Bhandara district of Maharashtra state. Hingana lies between Lat 21.3992280 & Long 79.7052970. Hingana village is governed by GrampanchayatHingana with a population of size of 1252 as per the 2011 census residing in 408 houses.

Problem Formulation:

In recent past, water shortage became more severe problem in most of the areas of the world due to human huge interference with environment. In the present situation everywhere there are problems of waterscarcity, may be the potable or non potable purposes. This situation becoming alarming day by day, this is due to vagaries of monsoon which results in the shortage of water in reservoirs, urban areas and industries in many areas.

Recent reports showed that the rain is directly dependant on the green coverage on the Earth. It is shown by many reports that, year after years the green coverage on the Earth gets reducing due to human activities for the welfare of human society. In cities the situation is more adverse as there is limited space reserve forgreeneries. When we consider the rural areas, the situation is not bad as like cities.

In the present survey /study attempts have been made to know, what is the scenario of the green coverage in the villages? How many houses holding plants? What are sources of water for potable as well as non potable water with respect to the population of the village?

Keeping in mind these objectives, Department of Botany, S. N. MorCollege of Arts& Commerce &Smt. G. D. SarafScience College, Tumsar, District Bhandara,Maharashtra, India encouraged the students of B.Sc. Semester VI for carry out survey on green coverage per house of the village Hingana (tah: Tumsar district: Bhandara)under the guidance of Dr. K. N. Sathawane, Professor and Head Department of Botany.

The survey was carried out on 15. 04. 2023 in the village Hingana by **46 students** of B.Sc. Semester VI. The data was collected by the students in the prescribed format supplied by department. Upon analysis of the data, the surprising results were obtained and the same were discussed.

Result and Discussion:

In the present survey 319 houses of village Hingana area were randomly selected for the study out of 408. Out of 319 houses, 42 houses were found to be without any plant growing in the premises. The green coverage was adoptedby277 houses in Hingana village. The number of plants growing in 277 houses was found to be 1243.

In the present study data was also collected on how many houses are having wells, bore wells and Tap Water as the source of water for day to day works. Among 319 houses, 71 houses are having well while, 74 houses use water from bore wells and 200 houses use Tap water from Grampanchayat water supply scheme.

From the above data, it is clear that the houses using underground water by well or bore well also by tap water. This clearly indicates that

there is increase in water lifting from the ground water though having tap water facility.

Upon analysis, it is known that on an average 3.08 trees per house were planted. This seems to be very unfortunate. There is need to increase the number of trees per houses.

In the survey, it has been found that 1252 people are residing in 408 houses in wards/ nagars. The number of trees per head/people is found to be 0.99, which is less.

The above results on different parameters of the survey clearly indicate that there is very poor literacy among the peoples of Hingana regarding importance of green coverage/ tree plantation and conservation of water, environment and its importance.

Hence, this study suggests that there is an urgent need to look into the following matter:

- 1. How and what are the practices to be adopted so that the excess lifting of underground water can be checked.
- 2. Literacy campaigns are to be organized for the charging of underground water table.
- 3. Literacy campaigns are to be organized to increase the green cover in each house.
- 4. Practices are to be adopted by way of which the importance of plantation would be inculcated among the peoples.

(Dr. K. N. Sathawane)

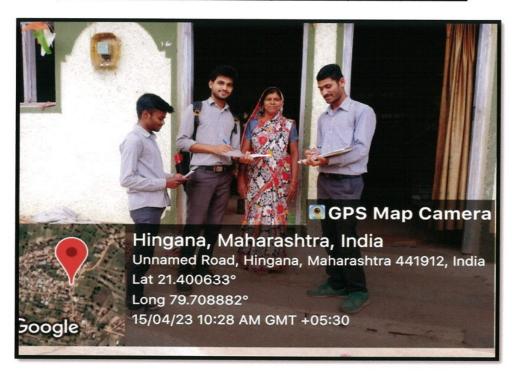
Head Department of Botany

Date: 20th April, 2023

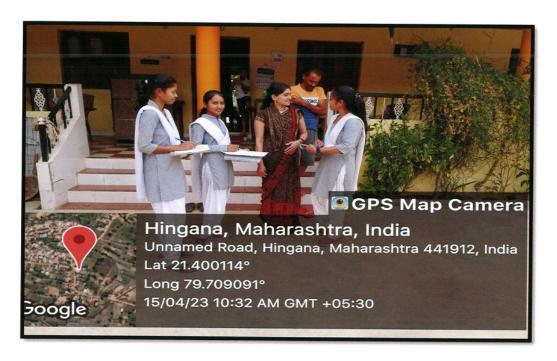
Glimpses of Survey



Students Standing Before Hingana Grampanchayat Office



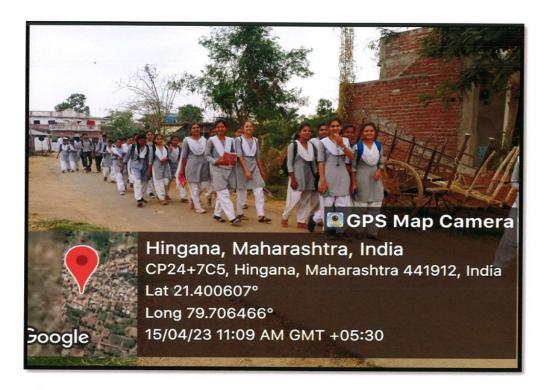
Surveying Students



Surveying Students



Surveying Students



Students moving around the Hingana Village



Students at Hingana Z.P. School Garden