#### DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

Programme	Paper/ Topic	Learning Outcome	Course Outcomes (ENGLISH)
B.A. Sem I History	Semester I Subject History History of India from Earliest Times to 1525 Paper 1T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks: 80 Unit – 1 a. The Harappan Civilization – Extent, Town Planning, Social, Religious Condition b. Rig Vedic, Later Vedic Age - Polity, Society, Religious Condition c. Jainism, Buddhism – Origin , Tenets Unit - 2 a. Chandragupta Maurya – Admnistration, Ashoka – His Conquests, Dhamma b. The Gupta Dynasty – Chandra Gupta I , Samudragupta, Chandragupta Vikramaditya c. Invasions of India – Mohammad -bin-Kasim, Mohammad Ghazni,	Students study a. the Harappan Civilization, Detais about its Extent ,Town Planning, Social, Religious Condition, b. Rig Vedic, Later Vedic Age - Polity, Society, Religious Condition , Jainism, Buddhism – Origin , Tenets  Students study a. Chandragupta Maurya – Admnistration , Ashoka – His Conquests, Dhamma, b. The Gupta Dynasty – Chandra Gupta I , Samudragupta, Chandragupta Vikramaditya, and c. Invasions of India – Mohammad -bin-Kasim, Mohammad Ghazni, Mohammad Ghori	On completion of the course, students are able to:  1. to understand History of India from Earliest Times to 1525  2. Students understand the glorious past of India.  3. Students understand how India faced invasions.  4. Students better understand India, its rich culture and civilization.  5. Students comprehend their country in a better way.  6. Students understands various religions, cults , movements policies adopted for administration .  7. Students get the knowledge of arts and craft of the past.
	Mohammad Ghori	Students Students come to know about	

### DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

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	Unit – 3 a. Iltutmish - Founder of Slave Dynasty, Balban - Blood and Iron Policy b. Alauddin Khilji – Market Control Policy, His conquests c. Mohammad - bin – Tuglaq - His Experiments, Firoz Tuglaq - Administration Unit - 4 a. Bhakti Movement- Ramanand, Kabir b. Sufi Cult- Tenets, Moinuddin Chisti c. Architecture	a. Iltutmish - Founder of Slave Dynasty, Balban - Blood and Iron Policy b. Alauddin Khilji – Market Control Policy, His conquests, and c. Mohammad - bin – Tuglaq - His Experiments , Firoz Tuglaq - Administration  Students study different religious movements, arts and craft of the past.	
. B.A. Sem II History	Semester II History of India from 1526 to 1761 Paper 2T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks:80 Unit - 1 a. Establishment of Mughal Power – Babur b. Sher Shah Suri – His Administrative Reforms c. Akbar – Religious Policy,	Students study establishment of Mughal power, Mughal's territorial expansion, religious policy and reforms,	On completion of the course, students are able to understand-  1. Establishment of Mughal power, Mughal's territorial expansion, their religious policy and reforms,

## DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

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	n – War of o – Relations with conda, Marathas	Students study Mughak's rule, their art and architecture.	2. Students study Mughak's rule, its characteristics features their art and architecture.
Deccan Pow Mughals b. Shivaji's C Karnataka E Administrati c. Chhatrapa relations wit Unit – 4 a. Maratha V Independence Shahu b. Third batt Causes and C	Coronation, xpeditions, on ti Sambhaji – His h Mughals	Students study the rise of Shivaji, his life and achievements in detail.  Students study the rise of Sambhaji and his relations with Mughals.  Students study in detail the successors of Maratha kingdom, their attempt to expand the kingdom,  Students study Advent of European Trading  Companies	<ol> <li>Students study the rise of Shivaji, his life and achievements in detail. The unit helps understand why Shivaji is regarded as an ideal hero.</li> <li>The unit throws light on the rise of Sambhaji and his relations with Mughals.</li> <li>Students understand the process of downfall Maratha power.</li> <li>Students take lessons from historical events.</li> <li>Students understand mistakes of the past.</li> <li>Students study in detail the successors of Maratha kingdom, their attempt to expand the kingdom, Students study Advent of European Trading Companies</li> </ol>

#### DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

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B.A.	Semester III		
Sem III	History of India: 1764 to 1885	Students understand the	On completion of the course,
History	Paper 3T1	a. Battle of Buxar – Treaty of Allahabad	students are able to:
	Time: Three Hours Full Marks	b. Dual Government of Lord Clive,	
	:80 Unit: 1	and c. Permanent Settlement of Lord Cornwallis	1. understand the <i>modus operand</i> of the British rule in
	a. Battle of Buxar – Treaty of		In India.
	Allahabad		muia.
	b. Dual Government of Lord		
	Clive		
	c. Permanent Settlement of Lord Cornwallis		
		Students get the knowledge of	
	Unit: 2	a. Subsidiary Alliance of Lord Wellesley	2. Students get the idea of the reforms undertaken by
	a. Subsidiary Alliance of Lord	b. Internal Reforms of Lord William Bentinck, and	the British.
	Wellesley	c. Doctrine of Lapse of Lord Dalhousie	
	b. Internal Reforms of Lord William Bentinck		
	c. Doctrine of Lapse of Lord		
	Dalhousie		
			3. Students come to know about different attempts
	Unit: 3	Students became aware of	Made by the Indian patriots to overthrow the yoke in
	a. Revolt of 1857 – Causes,	a. Revolt of 1857 – Causes, Effects	the form of the British rule over India.
	Effects	b. Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna Samaj, Arya Samaj, and c.	
	b. Brahmo Samaj, Prarthna	Satya Shodhak Samaj, Depressed Class Movement.	
	Samaj, Arya Samaj		
	c. Satya Shodhak Samaj ,Depressed Class Movement		
	,Depressed Class Movement		
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#### DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

Programme	Paper/ Topic	Learning Outcome	Course Outcomes (ENGLISH)
Trogramme	Unit: 4 a. Lord Lytton's Administration b. Lord Ripon's Internal Reforms c. Rise of Indian Nationalism, Establishment of Indian National	Students come to know about a. Lord Lytton's Administration b. Lord Ripon's Internal Reforms c. Rise of Indian Nationalism, Establishment of Indian National	4. Students come to know about different movements of reforms to enlighten society and attempts made to liberate the masses from the shakels of out dated customs and traditions, caste and creeds.
	Semester IV History of India: 1886 – 1947 Paper 4T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks:80  Unit: 1 a. Nature of Moderate Politics – 1885-1900 b. Rise and Growth of Extremism -1900-1907 c. Home Rule Movement	Students understand a. Nature of Moderate Politics – 1885-1900 b. Rise and Growth of Extremism -1900-1907, and c. Home Rule Movement	On completion of the course, students  1. Will understand modern politics from 1885 to 1900. 2. will understand different – ism, the mode of thinking 3. Will come to know independence struggle, and sacrifices made by freedom fighters. 4. Will study different movements that contributed in making the country liberate. 5. Will understand the rise of communalism. 6. Will understand how finally we won independence of India, but at what cost.
	Unit: 2 a. Non Co-operation Movement b. Civil Disobedience Movement c. Quit India Movement	Students get the knowledge of a. Non Co-operation Movement b. Civil Disobedience Movement c. Quit India Movement	

#### DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

Programme	Paper/ Topic	Learning Outcome	Course Outcomes (ENGLISH)
	Unit: 3	Students understand	
	a. Rise and Growth of	a. Rise and Growth of Communalism	
	Communalism	b. Cripps Mission	
	b. Cripps Mission	c. Cabinet Mission Plan	
	c. Cabinet Mission Plan		
	Unit: 4	Students come to know about	
	a. Subhash Chandra Bose,	a. Subhash Chandra Bose, I.N.A.	
	I.N.A.	b. Mountbatten Plan	
	b. Mountbatten Plan	c. Indian Independence Act	
	c. Indian Independence Act		
B.A. III Year	Semester V	Students get the information about the different	
Seester V	Modern World- 1789-1920	movements in the world viz,	
History	Paper 5T1		
	Time: Three Hours Full Marks		
	: 80		On completion of the course, students
	Unit: 1	a. French Revolution	1. will understand the modern world
	a. French Revolution	b. European Colonialism of Asia, and c. European	2. Students get the sight to look at the world beyond
	b. European Colonialism of	Colonialism of Africa	The myopic view of 'me and my country'.
	Asia		3. Students get the perception to look at the world
	c. European Colonialism of		With broader vision.
	Africa		
	II. i. o	Students come to know the modern world in general.	4. Students develop cosmopolitan view and learn to
	Unit: 2	They get the knowledge of	Look at the world as one.
	a. Sino- Japanese War of 1894-	a. Sino- Japanese War of 1894-1895	5. Students understand causes of strife and struggle.
	h Bussa Japanesa War of	b. Russo – Japanese War of 1904-1905, and c. Chinese Revolution of 1911	
	b. Russo – Japanese War of 1904-1905	Chinese Revolution of 1911	
	c. Chinese Revolution of 1911		
	c. Chinese Revolution of 1911		

## DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

Unit: 3 a. Eastern Question 1878-1913 b. Causes of the First world War c. Treaty of Versailles	Students get a profound understanding of a. Eastern Question 1878-1913 b. Causes of the First world War, and c. Treaty of Versailles	
Unit: 4 a. League of Nations – Structure b. League of nations - Achievements and failures c. Russian Revolution of 1917	Students get highlight of the making of the modern world. They come to know about a. League of Nations – Structure b. League of nations - Achievements and failures, and c. Russian Revolution of 1917	
Semester VI Modern World: 1920 – 1960 Paper 6T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks:80  Unit: 1 a. Soviet Russia – Five Year Plans b. Hitler- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy Unit: 2 a. Sino- Japanese War of 1937-	Students understand  a. Soviet Russia – Five Year Plans b. Hitler- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy  Students understand a. Sino- Japanese War of 1937-39 b. Causes of the Second World War	On completion of the course, students  1. get deep insight into the world as a whole  2. Will be free from the narrow thinking of nation's borders.  3. Will understand different causes of strife and tussle among countries.  4. will start thinking about oneself as a member of
	a. Eastern Question 1878-1913 b. Causes of the First world War c. Treaty of Versailles  Unit: 4 a. League of Nations – Structure b. League of nations - Achievements and failures c. Russian Revolution of 1917 Semester VI Modern World: 1920 – 1960 Paper 6T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks:80  Unit: 1 a. Soviet Russia – Five Year Plans b. Hitler- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy Unit: 2	a. Eastern Question 1878-1913 b. Causes of the First world War c. Treaty of Versailles  Unit: 4 a. League of Nations – Structure b. League of nations - Achievements and failures c. Russian Revolution of 1917  Semester VI Modern World: 1920 – 1960 Paper 6T1 Time: Three Hours Full Marks:80  Unit: 1 a. Soviet Russia – Five Year Plans b. Hitler- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy Unit: 2 a. Sino- Japanese War of 1937-39 b. Causes of the First world War, and c. Treaty of Versailles  Students get highlight of the making of the modern world. They come to know about a. League of Nations – Structure b. League of nations - Achievements and failures, and c. Russian Revolution of 1917  Students understand a. Soviet Russia – Five Year Plans b. Hitler- Foreign Policy c. Mussolini- Foreign Policy C. Mussolini- Foreign Policy Students understand a. Sino- Japanese War of 1937-39 b. Causes of the Second World War c. U.N.O.—Structure, Achievements

## DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

#### SUBJECT OUTCOMES

Programme	Paper/ Topic	Learning Outcome	Course Outcomes (ENGLISH)
	War c. U.N.O.—Structure, Achievements  Unit: 3 a. Cold War b. NATO, SEATO, Warsaw Pact c. Decolonization of Asia	Students understand a. Cold War b. NATO, SEATO, Warsaw Pact, and c. Decolonisation of Asia	<ul> <li>5. will become a responsible citizen with a vision of looking at the world as one, at the same time maintaining dignity and integrity of the own Nation.</li> <li>6. Ultimately, will become a human being who respect different thinking and traits, .</li> <li>7. Will change his outlook to look at the world and own country.</li> </ul>
	Unit: 4 a. Establishment of Israel b. Non Alignment c. Suez Crisis	Students get the knowledge of a. Establishment of Israel b. Non Alignment, and c. Suez Crisis	